(BD61 Make It Matt to be added to BD45 Aerokote Gloss)

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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name MAKE IT MATT

Product number BD61

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Deluxe Materials Ltd

Unit 13, Cufaude Business Park

Cufaude Lane

Bramley, Hampshire RG26 5DL

**United Kingdom** 

Tel: +44 (0)1256 883 944 Fax: +44 (0)1256 883 966

**1.4. E mergency telephone number** +44 (0)1256 883 944 office hours only

Catalyst For A/C products mix 10:1 vol BD47 Aerokote Catalyst

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H336

**Environmental hazards** Not Classified

Classification (67/548/EEC or Xi;R41. F;R11. R66,R67. 1999/45/EC)

# 2.2. Label elements

### **Pictogram**







Signal word

Danger

**Hazard statements** H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/spray.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains

BUTYL ACETATE -norm, ISO-BUTANOL, PROPYL ACETATE, BUTANOL-norm, ETHYL

ACETATE

### 2.3. Other hazards

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# 3.2. Mixtures

	10-30%
EC number: 204-658-1	
Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
R10 R66 R67	
	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

ETHANOL		5-10%
CAS number: 64-17-5	EC number: 200-578-6	
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	F;R11	

ISO-BUTANOL		5-10%
CAS number: 78-83-1	EC number: 201-148-0	
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	R10 Xi;R37/38,R41 R67	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
STOT SE 3 - H335, H336		

PROPAN-2-OL <1%

CAS number: 67-63-0 EC number: 200-661-7

Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 F;R11 Xi;R36 R67

Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

FORMALDEHYDE ...%

CAS number: 50-00-0 EC number: 200-001-8

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Carc. Cat. 3;R40 T;R23/24/25 C;R34 R43

Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Carc. 2 - H351 Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 STOT SE 3 - H335

Eye Dam. 1 - H318

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General information** Keep affected person away from heat, sparks and flames.

**Inhalation** Move affected person to fresh air at once. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm

and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention.

**Ingestion** Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not

induce vomiting. Remove affected person from source of contamination. Get medical attention

immediately. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing.

**S kin contact** Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash

skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after

washing.

**Eye contact** Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove any contact lenses and open

eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with the following media: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**S pecific hazards** Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

PROPAN-2-OL <1%

CAS number: 67-63-0 EC number: 200-661-7

Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

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Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

FORMALDEHYDE ...%

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washing.

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# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

### Methods for cleaning up

Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation

of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Static

electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep only in

the original container.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

## SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

### **BUTYL ACETATE -norm**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 150 ppm 724 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 200 ppm 966 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### **ETHANOL**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 1000 ppm 1920 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES

### **ISO-BUTANOL**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 50 ppm 154 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 75 ppm 231 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

## **PROPYL ACETATE**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 200 ppm 849 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 250 ppm 1060 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### **BUTANOL-norm**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 50 ppm(Sk) 154 mg/m3(Sk)

## XYLENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 50 ppm(Sk) 220 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 100 ppm(Sk) 441 mg/m3(Sk)

### **ETHYL ACETATE**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 200 ppm Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 400 ppm

### **ETHYLBENZENE**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 100 ppm(Sk) 441 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 125 ppm(Sk) 552 mg/m3(Sk)

### **METHANOL**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 200 ppm(Sk) 266 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 250 ppm(Sk) 333 mg/m3(Sk)

### PROPAN-2-OL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 400 ppm 999 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 500 ppm 1250 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### FORMALDEHYDE ...%

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): MEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): MEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

## 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

**Eye/face protection** The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles.

**Hand protection** Use protective gloves.

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or

prolonged vapour contact.

**Hygiene measures** Do not smoke in work area. Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating,

smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Use appropriate skin

cream to prevent drying of skin. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

**Respiratory protection** No specific recommendations. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne

contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

### 9.2. Other information

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

10.2. Chemical stability

**Stable** at normal ambient temperatures.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

**Conditions to avoid** Avoid contact with the following materials: Acids. Oxidising agents.

10.5. Incompatible materials

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

Fire creates: Toxic gases/vapours/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

products

ATE oral (mg/kg) 13,751.53

Acute toxicity - dermal

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 34,562.11

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 112,401.87

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 345.62

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists

mg/l)

50.26

Inhalation

Harmful by inhalation.

**Ingestion** May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

**S kin contact** Product has a defatting effect on skin. May cause allergic contact eczema.

**Eye contact** Irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

**Target organs** Skin Eyes Respiratory system, lungs

# SECTION 12: Ecological Information

## 12.1. Toxicity

- 12.2. Persistence and degradability
- 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
- 12.4. Mobility in soil
- 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- 12.6. Other adverse effects

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

**Disposal methods**Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1263 UN No. (IMDG) 1263 UN No. (ICAO) 1263

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

(ADR/RID)

PAINT OR PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

Proper shipping name

(IMDG)

PAINT OR PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

Proper shipping name (ICAO) PAINT OR PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

Proper shipping name (ADN) PAINT OR PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 3
ADR/RID label 3
IMDG class 3

ICAO class/division 3

### Transport labels



### 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group || IMDG packing group || ICAO packing group || I

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

### Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

E mS 3-05
E mergency Action Code 3YE
Hazard Identification Number 33

(ADR/RID)

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009

No. 716).

**Guidance** Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131.

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

## SECTION 16: Other information

Risk phrases in full R10 Flammable.

R11 Highly flammable. R20 Harmful by inhalation.

R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R23/24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R34 Causes burns. R36 Irritating to eyes.

R37 Irritating to respiratory system.

R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R38 Irritating to skin.

 $R39/23/24/25\ Toxic: danger\ of\ very\ serious\ irreversible\ effects\ through\ inhalation, in\ contact$ 

with skin and if swallowed.

R40 Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

### Hazard statements in full

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H370 Causes damage to organs.